

Annual Financial Report

Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District

Forest Lake, Minnesota

For the year ended December 31, 2023



Scottsdale Office

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Forest Lake, Minnesota Board of Managers and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

BOARD OF MANAGERS

Name	Title
Stephen Schmaltz	President
Christopher Loth	Vice President
Jackie A. Anderson	Treasurer
Dave Bakke	Secretary
Douglas Toavs	Manager
APPOII	NTED OFFICIALS
Michael Kinney	District Administrator

FINANCIAL SECTION

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Managers Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District Forest Lake, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District, Minnesota (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund and the Program and Project Implementation fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis starting on page 15 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedules of Employer's Contributions, the related note disclosures, starting on page 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 25, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District (the District), Forest Lake, Minnesota, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the summary of net position on the following pages. The unrestricted amount of net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's total net position decreased as shown in the summary of changes in net assets table on the following pages. The decrease was as result of watershed project expenses in excess of current year resources and spent using loan proceeds.
- For the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds fund balances are shown in the Financial Analysis of the District's Funds section of the MD&A. The total fund balance decreased in comparison with the prior year. This decrease was mainly due to an increase in project costs.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General fund as shown in the financial analysis of the District's funds section decreased from prior year.
- The District's total bonded debt increased during the fiscal year. The increase was a result of the Minnesota CWP Loan in 2023 as shown on the outstanding debt table.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The following chart shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another:

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1

Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report Management's Basic Required Discussion and Financial Supplementary Information Analysis Statements Government-Fund Notes to the wide Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund	Financial Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District
Required financial	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet
statements	Statement of Activities	 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities
information	financial and capital, and short- term and long-term	that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that
resources information	cash is received or paid	come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/out flow	All revenues and expenses during	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon
information	year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., grants and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

The governmental activities of the District include general government, program costs, and project costs.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently maintains two governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and Program and Project Implementation fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund and Program and Project Implementation fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 37 of this report.

This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the progress in funding its obligation to provide pensions to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 54 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District's Summary of Net Position

		December 31,						
		2023		2022	((Decrease)		
Assets				_		_		
Current	\$	1,819,568	\$	2,546,593	\$	(727,025)		
Capital		564,866		592,338		(27,472)		
Total Assets		2,384,434		3,138,931		(754,497)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension resources		138,203		323,073		(184,870)		
Liabilities								
Current		670,081		1,372,499		(702,418)		
Noncurrent		3,509,746		2,869,854		639,892		
Total Liabilities		4,179,827		4,242,353		(62,526)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred pension resources		132,898		17,176		115,722		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		541,806		545,704		(3,898)		
Restricted for debt service		408,383		202,355		206,028		
Unrestricted		(2,740,277)		(1,545,584)		(1,194,693)		
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(1,790,088)	\$	(797,525)	\$	(992,563)		
Net Position as a Percentage of Total								
Net investment in capital assets		(30.3)	%	(68.4) %	6			
Restricted		(22.8)		(25.4)				
Unrestricted		153.1		193.8				
		100.0		100.0				

An additional portion of the District's net represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive net position in net investment in capital assets and restricted, but negative balances of unrestricted net position.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the District's net position as shown below. The decrease is mainly due to an increase in expenditures for project costs using loan proceeds during the year.

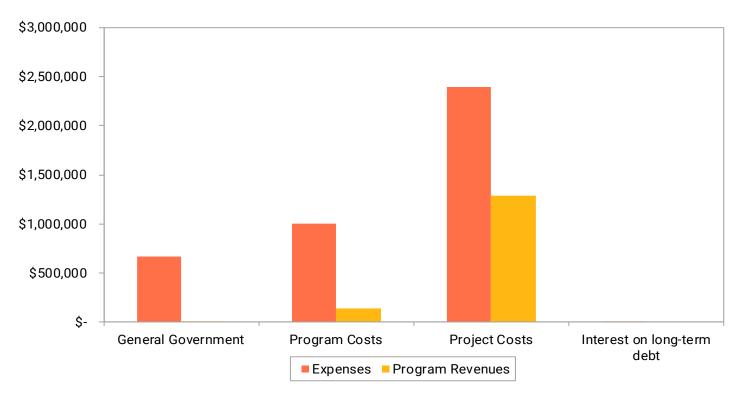
Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District's Changes in Net Position

	Decem	Increase			
	2023 2022			([Decrease)
Revenues					<u> </u>
Program					
Charges for services	\$ 81,394	\$	37,904	\$	43,490
Operating grants and contributions	1,338,890		1,540,369		(201,479)
General					
Property taxes	1,608,720		1,622,829		(14,109)
Grants and contributions not restricted to					
specific programs	2,290		5,070		(2,780)
Unrestricted investment earnings	39,526		9,363		30,163
Total Revenues	3,070,820		3,215,535		(144,715)
Expenses					
General government	665,241		608,768		56,473
Program costs	998,698		1,131,884		(133,186)
Project costs	2,399,398		1,833,066		566,332
Interest on long-term debt	46		68		(22)
Total Expenses	4,063,383		3,573,786		489,597
Change in Net Position	(992,563)		(358,251)		(634,312)
Net Position, January 1	 (797,525)		(439,274)		(358,251)
Net Position, December 31	\$ (1,790,088)	\$	(797,525)	\$	(992,563)

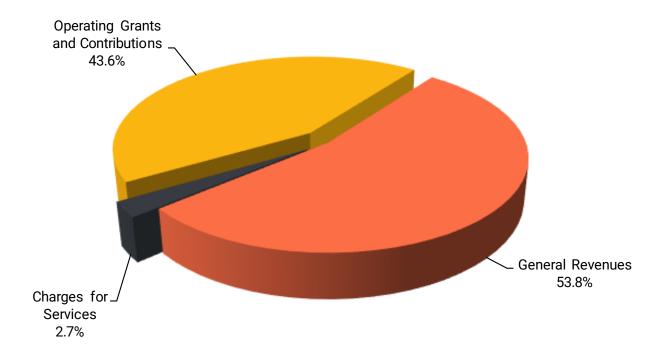
[•] Total revenues decreased \$144,715 in the current year mainly due to less operating grants and contributions received for projects during the year.

[•] Total expenses increased \$489,597 during the year mainly due to an increase in project costs of \$566,332 in-line with the watershed management plan.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The table below outlines the governmental fund balances for the year ending December 31, 2023.

Fund Balances	General	 Debt Services	ogram and Project lementation	Total	Prior Year Total	ncrease/ Decrease)
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 16,371 - - 88.629	\$ - 407,393 - -	\$ - - 584,291 -	\$ 16,371 407,393 584,291 88,629	\$ 13,902 201,372 914,076 (2,392)	\$ 2,469 206,021 (329,785) 91,021
Total Fund Balances	\$ 105,000	\$ 407,393	\$ 584,291	\$ 1,096,684	\$ 1,126,958	\$ (30,274)

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances shown above. Additional information on the District's fund balances can be found in Note 1 starting on page 67 of this report.

The *General fund* is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund is shown in the table above. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The total unassigned fund balance as a percent of total fund expenditures is shown in the chart below along with total fund balance as a percent of total expenditures.

	 rrent Year ng Balance	rior Year ng Balance	crease/ ecrease)
General Fund Balances Nonspendable	\$ 16,371	\$ 13,902	\$ 2,469
Unassigned	 88,629	(2,392)	91,021
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 105,000	\$ 11,510	\$ 93,490
General fund expenditures Unassigned as a percent of expenditures Total fund balance as a percent of expenditures	\$ 539,524 16.4% 19.5%	\$ 479,492 -0.5% 2.4%	

The fund balance of the District's General fund decreased during the current fiscal year as shown in the table above.

Other major governmental fund analysis is shown below:

	Dec	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		ncrease/ Decrease)
Debt Service fund The Debt Service fund increase in fund balance during the year was due	\$ to cu	407,393 rrent year le	•	201,372	\$	206,021
and other resources exceeding current year expenditures. Program and Project Implementation	\$	584,291	\$	914,076	\$	(329,785)
The Program and Project Implementation fund increase in fund halance	durin	a the year w	oc di	10		

The Program and Project Implementation fund increase in fund balance during the year was due to loan proceeds and tax revenues in excess of current year project costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual mounts	 iance with al Budget
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 263,200 476,488	\$ 264,016 539,524	\$ 816 (63,036)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(213,288)	(275,508)	(62,220)
Other financing sources Transfers in	<u> </u>	368,998	368,998
Net Change in Fund Balances	(213,288)	93,490	306,778
Fund Balances, January 1	 11,510	11,510	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (201,778)	\$ 105,000	\$ 306,778

The District's General fund budget was amended during the year increasing expenditures \$6,000. Actual revenues had a positive budget variance with the largest positive due to interest on investment and market value agricultural credits not budgeted. Actual expenditure had a negative budget variance. The largest positive variance for expenditures was in general government (administrative costs and general engineering).

Program and Project Implementation Fund Budgetary Highlights

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 4,059,363	\$ 2,445,057	\$ (1,614,306)
Program costs Project costs	1,229,137 3,095,066	993,225 2,399,223	235,912 695,843
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(264,840)	(947,391)	(682,551)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20 1,0 10)	(317,031)	(002,001)
Loans issued Transfers out	1,200,000	986,604 (368,998)	(213,396) (368,998)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,200,000	617,606	(582,394)
Net Change in Fund Balances	935,160	(329,785)	(1,264,945)
Fund Balances, January 1	914,076	914,076	<u> </u>
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,849,236	\$ 584,291	\$ (1,264,945)

The District's Program and Project Implementation fund budget was not amended during the year. Actual revenues had a negative budget variance with the largest variance in grants/reimbursements for multi-year budgeting of grant revenue. Actual expenditure had a positive budget variance. The largest positive variance for expenditures was in project costs (Individual lake projects).

Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District's Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2023 is shown below. This investment in capital assets includes land and leased assets.

	Decem	li li	ncrease	
	2023	 2022	<u>(D</u>	ecrease)
Land Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset)	\$ 525,165 39,701	\$ 525,165 67,173	\$	- (27,472)
Total Percent increase/(decrease)	\$ 564,866	\$ 592,338	\$	(27,472)

Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District's Noncurrent Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had debt outstanding as noted below. While all of the Districts debt have revenue streams, they are backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

		Increase			
		2023	 2022	([ecrease)
Compensated absences payable Loans payable Lease payable	\$	61,378 2,949,998 23,060	\$ 60,383 2,113,394 46,634	\$	995 836,604 (23,574)
Total Percent increase/(decrease)	<u>\$</u>	3,034,436	\$ 2,220,411	\$	814,025 36.7%

The District's noncurrent liabilities increased during the year mainly due to the issuance of loans.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The District goes through a multi-stage process to develop its annual budget. This first step includes an annual review of the Watershed Management Plan (WMP) and associated Implementation Schedule and Cost Table along with input from various partners and quotes from anticipated contracted professionals. After this part of the budget is complete, the Watershed District Board meets several times to consider current and projected projects, programs, staff adjustments, etc. to develop the rest of the budget.

For the 2023 fiscal year, the District completed two major water quality improvement projects: County Road 50 Iron Enhanced Sand Filter and the Sunrise River/Highway 61 Wetland Enhancement Project. The District also completed Phase 1 of the Forest Lake Alum Treatment project which entails two split-doses of alum (with the second dose planned for 2025). In 2023 District staff completed an enhanced street sweeping plan for the City of Wyoming which enabled the City of Wyoming to implement a targeted street sweeping program similar to the City of Forest Lake (a similar plan and implementation occurred for the City of Scandia, led by the Washington Conservation District and Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix WD).

The District developed a the framework for a comprehensive shoreline restoration program in 2023 which includes outreach, technical assistance, financial cost-share, and shoreline inventories. In 2023 the District completed a logo redesign, re-branding, and website update; the District also approved its first Comprehensive Education & Outreach Plan and a detailed Annual Education & Outreach Plan. The District continued to manage multiple other programs to support its mission of protecting and improving local water resources such as: permitting, aquatic invasive species prevention and management, land acquisition and management, project operations and maintenance, watershed resiliency planning, and water monitoring.

In 2024, the District will continue the programmatic initiatives described above. As it relates to projects, the District will complete the Moody Lake Capstone Project and the WJD-6 Western Tributary Wetland Enhancement Project. The District will also perform project development work on the July Ave Feedlot Project, Heath Avenue Iron Enhanced Sand Filter Project, and North Shore Circle Park Shoreline Restoration Project.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mike Kinney, Administrator, Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District, 44 Lake Street South Suite A, Forest Lake, MN 55025.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Forest Lake, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,620,213
Receivables	
Accounts	25,582
Taxes	33,462
Due from other governments	123,940
Prepaid items	16,371
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable	525,165
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	39,701
Total Assets	2,384,434
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	138,203
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	109,442
Deposits payable	296,657
Unearned revenue	263,982
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	
Long-term liabilities	222,175
Due within one year	
Long-term liabilities	2,812,261
Net pension liability	475,310_
Total Liabilities	4,179,827
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	132,898
befored pension resources	102,000
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	541,806
Restricted for debt service	408,383
Unrestricted	(2,740,277)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,790,088)

Forest Lake, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net (Expense)

			F	Program Revenue	es	C	evenue and Changes in let Position		
		C	harges	Operating	Capital				
			for	Grants and	Grants and	Go	overnmental		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services Contributions		Services Contributions Contributi		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 665,241	\$	1,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(663,882)		
Program costs	998,698		80,035	56,639	-		(862,024)		
Project costs	2,399,398		-	1,282,251	-		(1,117,147)		
Interest on long-term debt	46						(46)		
Total	\$ 4,063,383	\$	81,394	\$ 1,338,890	\$ -		(2,643,099)		
General Revenues	1								
Property taxes							1,608,720		
	ributions not restr	icted	to specific	programs			2,290		
	estment earnings						39,526		
Total General	Revenues						1,650,536		
Change in Net Pos	sition						(992,563)		
Net Position, Janu	ıary 1						(797,525)		
Net Position, Dece	ember 31					\$	(1,790,088)		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Forest Lake, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	General		General		General		General		General		General						Debt Service		Program and Project Implementation		Total vernmental Funds
Assets	.	100 700		404004		4 406 670		4 600 040													
Cash and temporary investments	\$	108,703	\$	404,831	\$	1,106,679	\$	1,620,213													
Receivables						05 500		05 500													
Accounts		10.000		- 2 FF2		25,582		25,582													
Taxes		12,889		3,552		17,021		33,462													
Due from other governments		16071	-		123,940			123,940													
Prepaid items		16,371				-		16,371													
Total Assets	\$	137,963	\$	408,383	\$	1,273,222	\$	1,819,568													
Liabilities																					
Accounts payable	\$	21,963	\$	_	\$	87,479	\$	109,442													
Deposits payable	•	,,,,,,,	*	-	*	296,657	•	296,657													
Unearned revenue		-		-		263,982		263,982													
Total Liabilities		21,963				648,118		670,081													
Deferred Inflows of Resources																					
Unavailable revenue - taxes		11 000		990		0.500		01 500													
		11,000		990		9,598		21,588													
Unavailable revenue - permits		11.000				31,215		31,215													
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,000		990		40,813		52,803													
Fund Balances																					
Nonspendable for																					
Prepaid items		16,371		-		-		16,371													
Restricted for																					
Debt service		-		407,393		-		407,393													
Assigned to																					
Water resource management plan		-		-		584,291		584,291													
Unassigned		88,629		-		-		88,629													
Total Fund Balances		105,000		407,393		584,291		1,096,684													
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows																					
of Resources and Fund Balance	Ś	137,963	\$	408,383	Ś	1,273,222	\$	1,819,568													
or resources and raina balance	<u> </u>	, , , , , ,		.00,000	Ť	.,_, 0,	<u> </u>	.,0.7,000													

Forest Lake, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental	\$	1,096,684
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		607.4.47
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation/amortization		627,147 (62,281)
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(02,201)
Noncurrent liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		(44.5-5)
Compensated absences payable		(61,378)
Net pension liability		(475,310)
Lease payable		(23,060)
Loan payable		(2,949,998)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's		
expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the funds.		
Taxes receivable		21,588
Permit receivable		31,215
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.		
Deferred outflows of pension resources		138,203
Deferred inflows of pension resources		(132,898)
	_	(12-,21-0)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(1,790,088)

Forest Lake, Minnesota

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Program and Project Implementation	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 256,002	\$ 347,020	\$ 1,005,664	\$ 1,608,686
Intergovernmental	0.55	404	4.005	2 2 2 4
Market value agricultural credit	355	481	1,395	2,231
Reimbursements/grants	-	-	1,338,574	1,338,574
Interest on investments	6,300	8,520	24,706	39,526
Permit fees	-	-	74,402	74,402
Miscellaneous	1,359		316	1,675
Total Revenues	264,016	356,021	2,445,057	3,065,094
Expenditures				
Current	F1 F 0 0 4			F1 F 00 4
General government	515,904	-	- 0.40,401	515,904
Program costs	-	-	943,421	943,421
Project costs	-	-	2,399,223	2,399,223
Current			40.004	40.004
Program costs	-	-	49,804	49,804
Debt service	00.574	150,000		170 574
Principal	23,574	150,000	-	173,574
Interest and other	46	150,000		46
Total Expenditures	539,524	150,000	3,392,448	4,081,972
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(275,508)	206,021	(947,391)	(1,016,878)
over (onder) Experience	(270,000)		(317,631)	(1,010,070)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	368,998	-	-	368,998
Loans issued	-	-	986,604	986,604
Transfers out	-	-	(368,998)	(368,998)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	368,998		617,606	986,604
Net Change in Fund Balances	93,490	206,021	(329,785)	(30,274)
Fund Balances, January 1	11,510	201,372	914,076	1,126,958
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 105,000	\$ 407,393	\$ 584,291	\$ 1,096,684

Forest Lake, Minnesota
Reconciliation of the Statement of
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(30,274)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Depreciation/amortization expense		(27,472)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Loan issued		(986,604)
Principal repayments		150,000
Retirement of lease payable		23,574
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.		
Property taxes		34
Permits		5,633
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences payable		(995)
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension revenue		59
Pension expense		(126,518)
	_	
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(992,563)

Forest Lake, Minnesota

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	Original Final		Amounts		Final Budget			
Revenues				_				_
Property taxes	\$	258,200	\$	258,200	\$	256,002	\$	(2,198)
Intergovernmental								
Market value agricultural credit		-		=		355		355
Interest on investments		=		=		6,300		6,300
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		1,359		(3,641)
Total Revenues		263,200		263,200		264,016		816
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Manager per diems and administrative		31,900		31,900		73,811		(41,911)
Engineering		30,000		30,000		49,884		(19,884)
Legal fees		40,000		40,000		43,630		(3,630)
Legal notices		200		200		45		155
Accounting		49,500		55,500		59,875		(4,375)
Dues and subscriptions		7,900		7,900		6,513		1,387
Insurance		16,000		16,000		23,696		(7,696)
Postage		900		900		369		531
Telephone		11,547		11,547		9,982		1,565
Training and seminars		12,500		12,500		8,266		4,234
Equipment		3,500		3,500		4,163		(663)
Other office expenses		243,569		243,569		235,180		8,389
Miscellaneous		-		-		490		(490)
Debt service						470		(450)
Principal		22,972		22,972		23,574		(602)
Interest and other		22,372		22,972		23,374 46		(46)
Total Expenditures		470,488		476,488		539,524		(63,036)
Total Experiorules		470,400	-	470,400		339,324		(03,030)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(207,288)		(213,288)		(275,508)		(62,220)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in				-		368,998		368,998
Net Change in Fund Balances		(207,288)		(213,288)		93,490		306,778
Fund Balances, January 1		11,510		11,510		11,510		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	(195,778)	\$	(201,778)	\$	105,000	\$	306,778

Forest Lake, Minnesota

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Program and Project Implementation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,014,300	\$ 1,014,300	\$ 1,005,664	\$ (8,636)	
Intergovernmental					
Market value agricultural credit	-	-	1,395	1,395	
Reimbursements/grants	2,940,063	2,940,063	1,338,574	(1,601,489)	
Interest on investments	5,000	5,000	24,706	19,706	
Permit fees	100,000	100,000	74,402	(25,598)	
Miscellaneous	-	-	316	316	
Total Revenues	4,059,363	4,059,363	2,445,057	(1,614,306)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Program costs					
District technical support	12,559	12,559	7,887	4,672	
District rules and rule making	25,000	25,000	-	25,000	
Permitting	225,433	225,433	221,266	4,167	
Monitoring and assessment	184,229	184,229	165,065	19,164	
Non-point source pollution abatement	192,553	192,553	38,883	153,670	
Education and outreach	149,203	149,203	112,166	37,037	
Tech resource sharing and communication	48,971	48,971	54,387	(5,416)	
Research	9,559	9,559	22,362	(12,803)	
Watershed management plan	9,059	9,059	8,080	979	
Grant research	23,473	23,473	13,942	9,531	
Operations and maintenance	63,387	63,387	73,191	(9,804)	
Invasive species	276,032	276,032	201,500	74,532	
Watershed planning and resiliency	9,679	9,679	24,692	(15,013)	
Project costs					
District technical support	190,469	190,469	118,342	72,127	
Lakes - district wide	68,027	68,027	66,501	1,526	
Individual lake projects	1,940,000	1,940,000	2,170,206	(230,206)	
Streams	67,426	67,426	22,087	45,339	
Wetlands	15,114	15,114	14,725	389	
Groundwater	7,559	7,559	7,362	197	
Capital					
Program costs					
Land acquisition	806,471	806,471	49,804	756,667	
Total Expenditures	4,324,203	4,324,203	3,392,448	931,755	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(264,840)	(264,840)	(947,391)	(682,551)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Loans issued	1,200,000	1,200,000	986,604	(213,396)	
Transfers out	-	-	(368,998)	(368,998)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,200,000	1,200,000	617,606	(582,394)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	935,160	935,160	(329,785)	(1,264,945)	
Fund Balances, January 1	914,076	914,076	914,076		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,849,236	\$ 1,849,236	\$ 584,291	\$ (1,264,945)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District (the District), Forest Lake, Minnesota was originally created in 1999 by the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (the Board) as provided in Minnesota statutes Chapter 103D and began operations in 2000. The District was established to promote public welfare and public interest and will advance the purpose of Minnesota statutes, chapters 103B and 103D. The District is operated by a five-member Board of Managers appointed by the Washington and Chisago Boards of Commissioners for three-year terms.

The District has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The District has no component units that meet the GASB criteria.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlement and donations. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for financial resources to be used for general administrative expenditures and for the construction and maintenance of projects of common benefit to the District.

The *Debt Service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt.

The *Program and Project Implementation fund* is established to account for programs and projects to manage the District's resources. Property taxes are committed for the Program and Project Implementation Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The District has no formal investment policy.

Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in October (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the District, the local School District, and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the District at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the District on or before July 7 and December 2 of the same year. Collections for November and December are received the following January. The District has no ability to enforce payments of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements and easements, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense for the General Employee Plan is \$176,873 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits, which will be paid to the employee upon separation without the considerations of number of years of service. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and permits. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The District has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to board resolution, the District's Administrator is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The District considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does have an approved fund balance that outlines the fund balance classifications noted above as part of the governance manual.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any
 outstanding debt attributable to acquired capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The Board of Managers adopts an annual budget for the General and Program and Project Implementation fund of the District on an annual basis. During the budget year, supplemental appropriations and deletions are or may be authorized by the Board. The District did amended the budget during the year. The General fund expenditures were increased by \$6,000, and other amendments had no net effect on revenues or expenditures.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the District for budgeting data. All unused project related appropriations carry over to the following fiscal year until the related project is completed. The District monitors budget performance on the fund basis. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board through the disbursement process. The District does not use encumbrance accounting.

B. Excess Spending Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2023 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

				cess of enditures Over
Fund	 Budget	Actual	App	ropriations
General Fund	\$ 476,488	\$ 539,524	\$	63,036

The excess expenditures were funded by available fund balance and transfers from other funds.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Board, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, which the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds.
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity.
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service.
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity.
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any Federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the District.

At year end, the District's carrying amount of deposits, bank balance, FDIC coverage and pledge collateral are shown in the chart below. The amount covered by FDIC and collateral is also shown in the chart.

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,620,213
Bank balance Covered by FDIC	\$ 1,703,625 (649,568)
Collateralized with securities pledged in District's name	\$ 1,054,057

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets Land	\$ 525,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,165	
Capital Assets, being Depreciated/Amortized Machinery and Vehicles Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	34,240 67,742 101,982		<u>-</u>	34,240 67,742 101,982	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for Machinery and Vehicles Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(12,228) (22,581) (34,809)		(4,891) (22,581) (27,472)	(17,119) (45,162) (62,281)	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	67,173		(27,472)	39,701	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 592,338	\$ -	\$ (27,472)	\$ 564,866	

C. Long-term Liabilities

The District agreed to terms with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency on a clean water partnership loan in the amount of \$1,500,000 on June 11, 2018. The funds loaned would be used to assist in financing costs for the project workplan outlined in the loan agreement.

The District agreed to terms with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency on a second clean water partnership loan in the amount of \$1,750,000 on December 27, 2021. The funds loaned would be used to assist in financing costs for the project workplan outlined in the loan agreement.

A summary of the loans outstanding at year end December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Description	Authorized Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Authorized	Issued	Balance at Year End
Minnesota CWP Loan - 2020 Minnesota CWP Loan - 2022-2023	5/22/2018 12/27/2021	12/15/2031 12/15/2033	- % -	1,500,000 1,750,000	1,500,000 1,749,998	\$ 1,200,000 1,749,998
Total						\$ 2,949,998

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for loan are as follows:

Year Ending		ital Activ	tivities			
December 31,	Р	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	325,000	\$	-	\$	325,000
2025		325,000		-		325,000
2026		325,000		-		325,000
2027		325,000		-		325,000
2028		325,000		-		325,000
2029 - 2033		1,324,998				1,324,998
Total	\$	2,949,998	\$		\$	2,949,998

D. Lease Payable

The District entered into a lease agreement with 494 Properties, LLC for office space. The lease agreement has an effective period of December 1, 2019 and initially expired in November 30, 2022. The District extended the lease as of November 30, 2022 for two additional years and will commence in December 2024.

Description	Total <u>Lease Liability</u>	Interest Rate	Issue Date	End Date	Payment Amount	Balance at Year End
Commerical Building Lease	\$ 67,724	0.13 %	01/01/22	12/01/24	variable	\$ 23,060
The following is a summary	of future minimun	n lease payments	:			
Year Ending June 30,			_	Principal	Interest	Total
2024			\$	23,060	\$ 16	\$ 23,076

Forest Lake, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	E	Beginning						Ending	Current
		Balance	lr	creases	D	ecreases		Balance	Portion
Governmental Activities	·	_				_			
Compensated									
Absences Payable	\$	60,383	\$	85,008	\$	(84,013)	\$	61,378	\$ 49,115
Minnesota CWP Loan		2,113,394		986,604		(150,000)		2,949,998	150,000
Lease Payable		46,634		-		(23,574)		23,060	 23,060
Total Governmental									
Activities	<u>\$</u>	2,220,411	<u>\$</u>	85,008	<u>\$</u>	(84,013)	<u>\$</u>	3,034,436	\$ 222,175

E. Interfund Transfers

The District Program and Project Implementation fund transferred \$368,998 to the General Fund for operations as of December 31, 2023.

Note 4: Other Information

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries insurance. The District pays annual premiums for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded the District's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The District's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

Comfort Lake Watershed District Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employee Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

Comfort Lake Watershed District Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the District was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$50,355, \$47,990 and \$43,967, respectively. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$475,310 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$13,201. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0085 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0082 percent for the beginning of the period.

District Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 475,310
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability Associated with the District	 13,201
	100 511
Total	\$ 488,511

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$176,814 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized \$59 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

Comfort Lake Watershed District

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Deferred Outflows Inflows of Resources of Resource				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	15,478	Ś	2,619	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	•	62,062	·	130,279	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		8,484		-	
Changes in Proportion		26,827		-	
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the Measurement Date		25,352			
Total	\$	138,203	\$	132,898	

The \$25,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ 31,731
2025	(50,417)
2026	8,949
2027	(10,310)

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10 %		
International Equity	16.5	5.30		
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75		
Private Markets	25.0	5.90		
Total	<u>100.0</u> %			

Comfort Lake Watershed District Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

Comfort Lake Watershed District Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1 Percent					1 Percent		
	Decrease (6.0%)		Current (7.0%)		Increase (8.0%)			
General Employees Fund	Ś	840.862	Ś	475.310	Ś	174.630		
concrat Employees rand	Y	0.0,002	Y	., 0,0.0	Y	.,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Forest Lake, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Fund

Fiscal Year Ending	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (a)	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District (b)	Total (a+b)	District's Covered Payroll (c)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
06/30/23	0.0085 %	\$ 475,310	\$ 13,201	\$ 488,511	\$ 679,574	69.9 %	83.1 %
06/30/22	0.0082	649,443	19,174	668,617	615,587	105.5	76.7
06/30/21	0.0068	290,390	8,856	299,246	488,240	59.5	87.0
06/30/20	0.0074	443,664	13,630	457,294	389,133	114.0	79.0
06/30/19	0.0017	93,989	2,833	96,822	243,747	38.6	80.2
06/30/18	0.0035	194,166	6,343	200,509	235,693	82.4	79.5
06/30/17	0.0032	204,286	2,600	206,886	208,693	97.9	75.9
06/30/16	0.0024	194,868	2,512	197,380	151,227	128.9	68.9
06/30/15	0.0017	88,103	-	88,103	94,080	93.6	78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Fund

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		District's Covered Payroll (c)		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
12/31/2023	\$	50,355	\$	50,355	\$	-	\$	671,405	7.5 %
12/31/2022		47,990		47,990		-		639,867	7.5
12/31/2021		43,967		43,967		-		586,227	7.5
12/31/2020		33,381		33,381		-		445,080	7.5
12/31/2019		21,931		21,931		-		292,413	7.5
12/31/2018		18,177		18,177		-		242,360	7.5
12/31/2017		16,460		16,460		-		219,467	7.5
12/31/2017		13,992		13,992		-		186,560	7.5
12/31/2017		9,003		9,003		-		120,040	7.5

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- 2023 The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.
- 2022 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- 2021 The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.
- 2020 The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Forest Lake, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- 2023 An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023. The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service. The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated. A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.
- 2019 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.
- 2018 The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2016 - No changes noted

- 2017 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORT

COMFORT LAKE - FOREST LAKE WATERSHED DISTRICT FOREST LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Managers Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District Forest Lake, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Comfort Lake - Forest Lake Watershed District (the District), Forest Lake, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 25, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Comfort Lake Forest Lake Watershed District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of the District and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 25, 2024